1	S.291
2	Introduced by Senators Perchlik and Ingram
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Traffic safety; operation of a motor vehicle under the influence of
6	alcohol; blood alcohol content
7	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to reduce the
8	legal blood alcohol concentration limit from 0.08 percent to 0.05 percent and
9	to require the Secretary of Transportation to conduct a public education
10	campaign about the reduced limit, to take effect upon two bordering states
11	enacting substantially comparable blood alcohol content limitations.
12	An act relating to lowering the blood alcohol content limit
13	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
14	Sec. 1. 23 V.S.A. § 1201 is amended to read:
15	§ 1201. OPERATING VEHICLE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF
16	ALCOHOL OR OTHER SUBSTANCE; CRIMINAL REFUSAL;
17	ENHANCED PENALTY FOR BAC OF 0.16 OR MORE
18	(a) A person shall not operate, attempt to operate, or be in actual physical
19	control of any vehicle on a highway:

1	(1) when the person's alcohol concentration is $0.08 \ 0.05$ or more, or
2	0.02 or more if the person is operating a vehicle when the operation requires an
3	operator's license with a school bus endorsement; or
4	(2) when the person is under the influence of alcohol; or
5	(3) when the person is under the influence of any other drug or under the
6	combined influence of alcohol and any other drug; or
7	(4) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.04 or more if the person
8	is operating a commercial motor vehicle as defined in subdivision 4103(4) of
9	this title.
10	* * *
11	Sec. 2. 23 V.S.A. § 1204 is amended to read:
12	§ 1204. PERMISSIVE INFERENCES
13	(a) Upon the trial of any civil or criminal action or proceeding arising out
14	of acts alleged to have been committed by a person while operating, attempting
15	to operate, or in actual physical control of a vehicle on a highway, the person's
16	alcohol concentration shall give rise to the following permissive inferences:
17	(1) If the person's alcohol concentration at that time was less than 0.08
18	0.05, such fact shall not give rise to any presumption or permissive inference
19	that the person was or was not under the influence of alcohol, but such fact
20	may be considered with other competent evidence in determining whether the

person was under the influence of alcohol.

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1	(2) If the person's alcohol concentration at that time was $\frac{0.08}{0.05}$ or
2	more, it shall be a permissive inference that the person was under the influence
3	of alcohol in violation of subdivision 1201(a)(2) or (3) of this title.
4	(3) If the person's alcohol concentration at any time within two hours of
5	the alleged offense was $0.10 \ \underline{0.08}$ or more, it shall be a permissive inference
6	that the person was under the influence of alcohol in violation of subdivision
7	1201(a)(2) or (3) of this title.
8	(b) The foregoing provisions shall not be construed as limiting the
9	introduction of any other competent evidence bearing upon the question
10	whether the person was under the influence of alcohol, nor shall they be
11	construed as requiring that evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's
12	blood, breath, urine, or saliva must be presented.
13	Sec. 3. 23 V.S.A. § 1211 is amended to read:
14	§ 1211. CONSTRUCTION OF CROSS REFERENCES
15	For the purposes of computing offenses under this chapter, references to
16	section 1201 of this title shall be construed to include sections of present or
17	prior law of this or any other jurisdiction which prohibited operating,
18	attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle on
19	a highway while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or both, or while

having 0.08 0.05 percent or more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood or

an alcohol concentration of $0.08 \ 0.05$ or more.

1	Sec. 4. 23 V.S.A. § 1213 is amended to read:
2	§ 1213. IGNITION INTERLOCK RESTRICTED DRIVER'S LICENSE OR
3	CERTIFICATE; PENALTIES
4	(a)(1) A person whose license or privilege to operate is suspended or
5	revoked under this subchapter may operate a motor vehicle, other than a
6	commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 4103 of this title, if issued a
7	valid ignition interlock RDL or ignition interlock certificate. Upon
8	application, the Commissioner shall issue an ignition interlock RDL or ignition
9	interlock certificate to a person otherwise licensed or eligible to be licensed to
10	operate a motor vehicle if:
11	(A) the person submits a \$125.00 application fee;
12	(B) the person submits satisfactory proof of installation of an
13	approved ignition interlock device in any motor vehicle to be operated and of
14	financial responsibility as provided in section 801 of this title;
15	(C) at least one year has passed since the suspension or revocation
16	was imposed if the offense involved death or serious bodily injury to a person
17	other than the operator; and
18	(D) the applicable period set forth below has passed since the
19	suspension or revocation was imposed if the offense involved refusal of an
20	enforcement officer's reasonable request for an evidentiary test:
21	(i) 30 days for a first offense;

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1	(ii) 90 days for a second offense;
2	(iii) one year for a third or subsequent offense.
3	(2) A new ignition interlock RDL or ignition interlock certificate shall
4	expire at midnight on the eve of the second birthday of the applicant following
5	the date of issue, and may be renewed for one-year terms. The Commissioner
6	shall send by first class mail an application for renewal of the RDL or
7	certificate at least 30 days prior to the day renewal is required and shall impose
8	the same conditions for renewal as are required for initial issuance. The
9	renewal fee shall be \$125.00.
10	(b) [Repealed.]
11	(c) [Repealed.]
12	(d) If a fine is to be imposed for a conviction of a violation of section 1201
13	of this title, upon receipt of proof of installation of an approved ignition
14	interlock device, the court may order that the fine of an indigent person
15	conditionally be reduced by one-half to defray the costs of the ignition
16	interlock device, subject to the person's ongoing operation under, and
17	compliance with the terms of, a valid ignition interlock RDL or ignition
18	interlock certificate as set forth in this section. In considering whether a

person's fine should be reduced under this subsection, the court shall take into

account any discount already provided by the device manufacturer or provider.

(e) The holder of an ignition interlock RDL or ignition interlock certificate shall pay the costs of installing, purchasing or leasing, and removing the ignition interlock device as well as calibrating the device and retrieving data from it periodically as may be specified by the Commissioner.

- (f)(1) Prior to the issuance of an ignition interlock RDL or ignition interlock certificate under this section, the Commissioner shall notify the applicant that the period prior to eligibility for reinstatement may be extended under this subsection (f) or subsections (g)–(h) of this section.
- (2)(A) Prior to any such extension of the reinstatement period, the ignition interlock RDL or certificate holder shall be given notice and opportunity for a hearing. Service of the notice shall be sent by first class mail to the last known address of the person. The notice shall include a factual description of the grounds for an extension, a reference to the particular law allegedly violated, and a warning that the right to a hearing will be deemed waived, and an extension of the reinstatement period will be imposed, if a written request for a hearing is not received at the Department of Motor Vehicles within 15 days after the date of the notice.
- (B) When a holder receives a notice under subdivision (2)(A) of this subsection (f), the holder shall be deemed to have waived the right to a hearing, unless a written request for a hearing is received at the Department of Motor Vehicles within 15 days after the date of the notice. If a hearing is not

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timely requested, the reinstatement period shall be extended in accordance with law.

- (C) The provisions of sections 105-107 of this title shall apply to hearings conducted under this subdivision (2).
- (3)(A) A holder of an ignition interlock RDL or certificate who, prior to eligibility for reinstatement under section 1209a or 1216 of this title, is prevented from starting a motor vehicle because the ignition interlock device records a blood alcohol concentration of 0.04 or above, shall be subject to a three-month extension of the applicable reinstatement period in the event of three such recorded events, and to consecutive three-month extensions for every additional three recorded events thereafter. The Commissioner shall disregard a recording of 0.04 or above for the purposes of this subdivision if the Commissioner in his or her discretion finds, based on a pattern of tests or other reliable information, that the recording does not indicate the consumption of alcohol by the holder. The Commissioner shall notify the holder in writing after every recording of 0.04 or above that indicates the consumption of alcohol by the holder and, prior to any extension under this subdivision, the holder shall have the opportunity to be heard pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection (f).
- (B) A holder of an ignition interlock RDL or certificate who, prior to eligibility for reinstatement under section 1209a or 1216 of this title, fails a

§ 4116. DISQUALIFICATION

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random retest because the ignition interlock device records a blood alcohol concentration of 0.04 or above and below 0.08 0.05, shall be subject to consecutive three-month extensions of the applicable reinstatement period for every such recorded event. A holder who fails a random retest because of a recording of 0.08 0.05 or above shall be subject to consecutive six-month extensions of the applicable reinstatement period for every such recorded event. The Commissioner shall disregard a recording of 0.04 or above for the purposes of this subdivision if the Commissioner in his or her discretion finds, based on a pattern of tests or other reliable information, that the recording does not indicate the consumption of alcohol by the holder. The Commissioner shall notify the holder in writing after every recording of 0.04 or above that is indicative of the consumption of alcohol by the holder and, prior to any extension under this subdivision, the holder shall have the opportunity to be heard pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection (f). * * * Sec. 5. 23 V.S.A. § 4116 is amended to read:

(a) A person shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of one year if convicted of a first violation of:

1	(1) operating, attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control
2	of a commercial motor vehicle on a highway with an alcohol concentration of
3	0.04 or more or under the influence, as defined in section 1218 of this title;
4	(2) failure to stop, as defined in section 1128 of this title;
5	(3) using a motor vehicle in the commission of any offense under State
6	or federal law that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one
7	year;
8	(4) refusal to submit to a test to determine the operator's alcohol
9	concentration, as provided in section 1205, 1218, or 1219 of this title;
10	(5) operating, attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control
11	of a motor vehicle on a highway with an alcohol concentration of $0.08 \ 0.05$ or
12	more or under the influence of alcohol or other substance, as defined in
13	section 1201 of this title;
14	* * *
15	Sec. 6. OPERATING A VEHICLE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF
16	ALCOHOL; PUBLIC EDUCATION CAMPAIGN
17	(a) To inform highway users of the requirements of sections 1–5 of this act
18	(lowering the legal blood alcohol content limit from 0.08 to 0.05) and the
19	effective date of those sections, the Secretary of Transportation shall conduct a
20	public education campaign to commence six months prior to the effective date
21	of those sections.

1	(b) At a minimum, the Secretary shall:
2	(1) notify media outlets throughout the State of the change in the law to
3	lower the threshold for driving under the influence from 0.08 percent blood
4	alcohol content to 0.05 percent and the effective date of the change in the law;
5	(2) update the website of the Agency of Transportation and the website
6	of the Department of Motor Vehicles to provide notice of the change in the law
7	and its effective date; and
8	(3) consistent with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices and
9	any other applicable federal law, post messages on changeable message signs
10	of the Agency that inform highway users of the change in the law and its
11	effective date.
12	Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATES
13	(a) Sec. 6 shall take effect when, by rule, legislation, or other agreement,
14	two states that share a border with Vermont have enacted a 0.05 percent or
15	lower blood alcohol content limit for operating a motor vehicle.
16	(b) Secs. 1–5 shall take effect six months after the date on which Sec. 6
17	takes effect.
18	(c) This section shall take effect on passage.